

## Year 5 Kings And Queens Knowledge Organiser



Dynasties	
1042 - 1066	Saxon
1066 - 1154	Norman
1154 - 1399	Plantagenet
1399 - 1461	Lancaster
1461 - 1485	York
1485 - 1603	Tudor
1603 - 1649	Stuart
1649 - 1660	Commonwealth
1660 - 1714	Stuart
1714 - 1901	Hanover
1901 - 1910	Saxe-Coburg-Gotha
1910 - present day	Windsor

## Significant Places



Buckingham Palace The London residence of the reigning monarch.



## Westminster Abbey

Originally built by Edward the Confessor. Where coronations take

place.



Tower of London Originally built by William the Conqueror. Protector of the crown jewels.



## **Significant Monarchs**

Reigned 1625 - 1649 Had several disagreements with Parliament during his reign.

For 11 years Charles ruled

the country without Parliament and imposed his own taxes The start of the English Civil War began during his reign and Parliament had Charles I executed.



Queen Victoria Reigned 1837 - 1901 Victoria became queen when she 18 years old. In 1840 she married her cousin, Albert, and eventually gave him the name Prince Consort.

They had nine children together. When Albert died in 1861, Victoria spent the rest of her life wearing black clothes.



Queen Elizabeth II Longest ever reigning monarch. Elizabeth's coronation was the first ever to be shown on TV.

Celebrated Platinum Jubilee in 2022. (70 years on the throne.) Died 8<sup>th</sup> September 2022.

Her successor King Charles III is now the current reigning monarch.

Key Vocabulary	
abdicate	Give up, such as power, as of
	monarchs and emperors.
commonwealth	A political system in which
	power lies in a body of
	citizens.
coronation	The ceremony of installing a
	new monarch.
descendant	A person considered as coming
	from some ancestor or race.
dynasty	A series of leaders in the
	same family, like the British
	Royal Family.
hereditary	Inherited or inheritable by
	established rules of descent.
illegitimate	Contrary to or forbidden by
	law.
interregnum	The time between two reigns
	or governments.
line of succession	The order in which individuals
	are expected to succeed one
	another in some official
	position.
monarch	A nation's ruler usually by
	hereditary right.
protestant	A member or follower of any
	of the Western Christian
	Churches that is separate
	from the Roman Catholic
	Church.
reign	Royal authority; the dominion
	of a monarch.
sovereign	A nation's ruler usually by
	hereditary right.