		Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Year N	Focus Areas		Making Relationships		Self Confidence/ Awareness		
		Making Relationships	Self Confidence/ Awareness	Self Confidence/ Awareness	Managing Feelings/ Behaviour	Managing Feelings/ Behaviour	Managing Feelings/ Behaviour
	We are learning to:	 'Let's Play Shops' play in a group, extending and elaborating play ideas. 'Who's Playing?' initiate play, offering cues to peers to join in. 'It's Your Turn' respond to what others do and keep play going. 	 'Good Friends' demonstrate friendly behaviour, initiating conversations and forming good relationships with peers and familiar adults. 'Make Your Choice' select and use activities and resources with help. 'Odd Jobs' enjoy the responsibility of carrying out small tasks 	 'Chatterbox' talk confidently to other children when playing. 'Where I live' communicate freely about our own home and community. 'Can You Help?' show confidence in asking adults for help. 	 'Well Done!' welcome and value praise for what we have done. 'A New Baby' be more outgoing towards unfamiliar people. be more confident in new social situations. 'Deaf Girl' begin to accept the needs of others. 	1. 'Fair Shares'	 1. 'You Smell!' be aware of our own feelings and know that some actions and words can hurt others' feelings. 2. 'A Waiting Game' usually be able to
Year R	R Relationships Relati Self Confidence/ Self Confidence/ Awareness Awareness		Making Relationships Self Confidence/ Awareness Managing Feelings/ Behaviour	Making Relationships Self Confidence/ Awareness Managing Feelings/ Behaviour	Making Relationships Self Confidence/ Awareness	Making Relationships Self Confidence/ Awareness Managing Feelings/ Behaviour	Making Relationships Self Confidence/ Awareness Managing Feelings/ Behaviour
	We are learning to:	Behaviour 1. 'Hide and Seek' having heart! • show sensitivity to others' needs and feelings. • form positive relationships with adults and other children. 2. 'Nan's House' being smart • talk about how we and others show feelings. having heart! • say why we like some	 1. 'Take the Plunge' being smart be confident to try new activities. say when we do or don't need help. 	 1. 'Rainy Days' having heart! take account of one another's ideas about how to organise an activity. being smart be confident to speak to others about our own needs, wants, interests and opinions. talk about our ideas. taking part be confident to speak in a 	 'Family Fun'-having heart! show sensitivity to others' needs and feelings. form positive relationships with adults and other children. 'One Gold Star' being smart describe ourselves in positive terms and talk about our abilities. 'All Join In' 	 1. 'A Piece of Cake' being smart ask appropriate questions of others. choose resources we need for our chosen activities. 2. 'Busy Body' having heart! take account of one another's ideas about how to organise an activity 3. 'The New Pet' – having 	1. 'E-Safety, Be Safe' being smart say when we do and don't need help. 2. 'Eid Mubarak!' taking part explain our own knowledge and understanding. having heart! show sensitivity to others' needs and feelings. form positive

		activities more than others. 3. 'I Like' being smart • be confident to speak to others about our own needs, wants, interests and opinions. 4. 'It's Your Turn' – where to start • take steps to resolve conflicts with other children by finding compromises. taking part • play cooperatively, taking turns with others. 5. 'What a Problem' where to start • begin to be able to negotiate and solve problems without aggression.	others' needs and feelings. form positive relationships with adults and other children. 'Me and You' being smart describe ourselves in positive terms and talk about our abilities. 'Stick to the Rules' taking part work as part of a group or class and understand and follow the rules.		 taking part explain our own knowledge and understanding. 'I'm Stuck' being smart say when we do and don't need help. 	 heart talk about how we and others show feelings. 'Dressing Up' being smart say when we do and don't need help. 	relationships with adults and other children. 3. 'Playtime Games' taking part • play cooperatively, taking turns with others. being smart • talk about our own and others' behaviour and its consequences. 4. 'Litter Bug!' taking part • play cooperatively, taking turns with others. being smart • be confident to speak to others about our own needs, wants, interests and opinions. • where to start begin to be able to negotiate and solve problems without aggression.
Year	Core Areas	Health and Wellbeing	Health and Wellbeing	Health and Wellbeing	Health and Wellbeing	Health and Wellbeing	Health and Wellbeing
1		Relationships	Relationships	Relationships	Relationships	Relationships	Relationships
		Living in the Wider World	Living in the Wider World	Living in the Wider World	Living in the Wider World	Living in the Wider World	Living in the Wider World
	We are learning to:	 1. Rules/ Expectations 1: 'We Expect' understand the reason why we have rules. understand rules as expectations. agree and follow rules for a group and the classroom. recognise why rules and expectations are important. 	 1. Rules/Good Manners: 'How Rude!' learn about the conventions of courtesy and manners. 2. Happiness: 'Smile!' know that that there is a normal range of emotions (e.g. happiness, sadness, anger, fear, surprise, nervousness) and scale of emotions 	 1. Washing Hands: 'Meet Grub!' eradicate germs and the spread of diseases by washing hands. understand how germs spread infections and diseases. 2. Healthy Eating 1: 'Vote Green!' know about where vegetables and fruit 	1. Definition: 'A Bully Is' To know about different types of bullying, the impact of bullying, responsibilities of bystanders and how to get help. know about bullies and bullying behaviour. understand that bullying is wrong.	 and unkind behaviour. understand that family and friends should care for each other Family 1: 'My Family' know that families are important for children 	1. Sun Safety: 'It's A Cover Up!' know about safe and unsafe exposure to the sun, and how to reduce the risk of sun damage, including skin cancer. understand the importance of sun safety. know how to keep safe in the sun. Road Safety: 'Green X

2. Rules/	that all humans	grow.	2. Unkindness: 'Blame	can give love, security Code'
Expectations 2:	experience in relation to	 make simple choices that 		and stability. • know rules for, and ways
'Class Charter'	different experiences and		know about different	 recognise that family and of, keeping safe,
understand the reason	situations.	well-being e.g. healthy	types of bullying, the	friends should care for including basic road
why we have rules/	learn about making	eating.	impact of bullying,	each other. safety and about people
expectations.		3. Healthy Eating 2: 'Meat		3. Family 2: who can help us to stay
know how to contribute	they can lead to	Eaters'	bystanders and how to	'Special People' safe.
to class life.	happiness.	 understand the need for 	get help.	 identify our special develop an awareness of
3. Internet Safety: 'E-	3. Anger: 'Grrr!'	protein as part of a	 understand that name- 	people and what makes the Green Cross Code.
Safety'	 know that that there is a 	balanced diet.	calling is hurtful and	them special. 3. Money 1:
know that the internet	normal range of	 recognise which types of 		4. Caring: 'Grows on Trees?'
can also be a negative	emotions (e.g. happiness		 take part in discussions 	'Talking to Plants' • Understand where
place where online	sadness, anger, fear,	4. Healthy Eating 3: 'Party	•	 understand that people money comes from.
abuse, trolling, bullying	surprise, nervousness)	Time!'	 recognise how their 	and other living things • recognise notes and
and harassment can take	and scale of emotions	 apply our knowledge of 	behaviour affects other	have needs and that we coins.
place, which can have a	that all humans	healthy eating to plan a	people	have responsibilities to 4. Money 2:
negative impact on	experience in relation to		. 3. Behaviour 1: 'Bullying Is	
mental health.	different experiences and		 know about different 	 understand about understand the role of
know that people	situations.	choices.	types of bullying, the	responsibility to others. money in our society.
sometimes behave	 recognise, name, 	 improve one's choices. 	impact of bullying,	5. Lending/ 5. Money 3:
differently online,	manage and express	5. Physical Activity 1: 'Get	responsibilities of	Borrowing: 'Keep it Safe'
including by pretending	feelings in a positive way.		bystanders and how to	'The Borrowers' • understand why it is
to be someone they are	4. Feelings:	 understand the need for 	get help.	understand the concept important to keep money
not.	'How I Feel'	physical activity to keep	 understand what is and 	of 'borrowing'. safe.
know the importance of	 recognise and talk about 	healthy.	what is not bullying	 show responsibility to
using the internet safely.	their emotions, including	 recognise the benefits of 	behaviour.	others.
know the importance of	having a varied	regular exercise and	 recognise how their 	6. Sharing:
self-respect and how this	vocabulary of words to	understand the particula		'Share the Booty'
links to personal	use when talking about	benefits of different	people.	understand the
happiness.	their own and others'	physical activities for	 understand that bullying 	·
4. Friendship 1: 'Forever	feelings.	promoting health.	is wrong.	 know that everyone has a
Friends'	recognise and	6. Comparisons:	4. Behaviour 2:	responsibility to consider
know the characteristics	communicate feelings to	'All the Same'	'+ and – '	the needs of others.
of friendships: mutual	others.	 know the importance of 	 know about different 	
respect, truthfulness,	share our views.	respecting others, even	types of bullying, the	
trustworthiness, loyalty,	 recognise, name and dea 	, ,	impact of bullying,	
kindness, generosity,	with our feelings in a	different from us (e.g.	responsibilities of	
trust, sharing interests	positive way.	physically, in character,	bystanders and how to	
and experiences and	5. Responses:	personality or	get help.	
support with problems	'You and Me'	backgrounds), or make	understand what is and	
and difficulties.	know that there is a	different choices or have	, ,	
develop positive	normal range of	different preferences or	behaviour.	

		, -	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
	relationships with peers.	emotions (e.g. happiness	beliefs.	recognise how their		
	 recognise that family and 	sadness, anger, fear,		behaviour affects other		
	friends should care for	surprise, nervousness)		people.		
	each other.	and scale of emotions		 understand that bullying 		
	5. Friendship 2:	that all humans		is wrong.		
	'Make Friends'	experience in relation to		5. Personal Safety: 'Secret		
	 know that in school and 	different experiences and		Surprise'		
	in wider society we can	situations.		 know the difference 		
	expect to be treated with	 recognise and 		between secrets and		
	respect by others, and	communicate feelings to		surprises.		
	that in turn we should	others.		 understand when not to 		
	show due respect to	• recognise, name and deal		keep adults' secrets.		
	others, including those in			 understand that it is 		
	positions of authority.	positive way.		acceptable to say no		
	understand the	 take part in discussions 		6. Emotional Safety:		
	importance of making	with one other person		'Getting Help'		
	friends.	and the whole class.		 know where and how to 		
	 identify and respect the 	6. Opinions: 'I Think'		seek support (including		
	differences and	 understand that it is 		recognising the triggers		
	similarities between	important to share our		for seeking support),		
	people.	opinions and to be able		including to whom in		
	6. Taking Turns:	to explain our views.		school we should speak if		
	'It's Your Turn!	 listen to other people and 		we are worried about our		
	take turns.	play and work co-		own or someone else's		
	agree and follow rules for			mental wellbeing or		
	a collaborative game.	ор от ант оту:		ability to control their		
	a conditionalive game.			emotions (including		
				issues arising online).		
				 know who to go to for 		
				help and advice.		
Skills	Pupils should be taught to	Pupils should be taught to	Pupils should be taught to		Pupils should be taught to	Pupils should be taught to
SKIIIS	• recognise how their	 recognise how attitude 	 make simple choices that 			• take responsibility for
	behaviour affects other	and behaviour, including	improve health and well-	between impulsive and	behaviour affects other	their own safety and the
	people.	bullying, may affect	being e.g. healthy eating.	considered behaviour.	people.	safety of others and be
	• recognise right and	others.	 manage basic personal 	• recognise how their	 consider different types of 	,
	wrong, what is fair and	 listen to, reflect on and 	hygiene.	behaviour affects other	teasing and bullying,	emergency.
	unfair and explain why.	respect other people's	make simple choices that	people.	understand that bullying	 make simple choices that
	recognise the difference	views and feelings.		consider different types of	is wrong and know how to	•
			improve health and well-	, ,		· '
	between good and bad	• work and play	being e.g. healthy eating.	teasing and bullying,	get help to deal with	being.
	choices.	independently and in	make positive real-life	understand that bullying	bullying.	demonstrate basic road
	• listen to, reflect on and	groups, showing	choices.	is wrong and know how to		safety skills.
	respect other people's	sensitivity to others.	 recognise why healthy 	get help to deal with	wrong.	 recognise and manage

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views and feelings.	 recognise how behaviour 	eating and physical	bullying.	 recognise how attitude 	risk in everyday activities.
• consider ways of looking	affects other people.	activity are	 recognise the difference 	and behaviour, including	• recognise where money
after the school or	 recognise, name and 	beneficial.	between good and bad	bullying, may affect	comes from and the
community and how to	manage their feelings in a		choices.	others.	choices people make to
care for the local	positive way.	choices.	 recognise how attitude 	 recognise how my 	spend money on things
environment.	 recognise how my 	 recognise the benefits of 	and behaviour, including	behaviour and that of	they want and need.
identify the importance of	behaviour and that of	regular exercise and	bullying, may affect	others may influence	 identify the different
rules and be able to say	others may influence	understand the particular		people both positively	types of work people do
why rules applying to	people both positively	benefits of different	 recognise how attitude, 	and negatively.	and learn about different
them are necessary.	and negatively.	physical activities for	behaviour and peer	 recognise that there are 	places of work.
express views and take	 identify and talk about 	promoting health.	pressure can influence	people who care for and	
part in decision-making	their own and others'	 reflect on the similarities 	choice and behaviour,	look after me.	
activities to improve their	strengths and weaknesses		including dealing with	 identify different 	
immediate environment	and how to improve.	people.	bullying.	relationships that I have	
or community.		 recognise right and 	 recognise how their 	and why these are	
take turns and share as		wrong, what is fair and	behaviour and that of	important.	
appropriate.		unfair and explain why.	others may influence	 seek help from an 	
suggest rules that would			people both positively	appropriate adult when	
improve things for the			and negatively.	necessary.	
common good.			 recognise that there are 	 develop positive 	
recognise and respond to			people who care for and	relationships through	
different issues of safety			look after them.	work and play.	
relating to themselves			 identify different 	 listen to and show 	
and others and how to get			relationships that they	consideration for other	
help.			have and why these are	people's views.	
• use strategies to stay safe			important.	• listen to, reflect on and	
when using ICT and the			 seek help from an 	respect other people's	
internet.			appropriate adult when	views and feelings.	
• respond to challenges,			necessary.	 make positive real-life 	
including recognising,			 know how to keep safe 	choices	
taking and managing risk.				work independently and	
recognise that there are			help.	in groups, taking on	
people who care for and			 recognise and manage 	different roles and	
look after them.			risk in everyday activities.	collaborating towards	
identify different			 recognise what they like 	common goals.	
relationships that they			and dislike.	• take the lead, prioritise	
have and why these are			 identify different 	actions and work	
important.			relationships that they	independently and	
• seek help from an			have and why these are	collaboratively towards	
appropriate adult when			important.	goals.	
necessary.			 recognise and respond to 	 consider ways of looking 	
develop positive			different issues of safety	after the school or	

3D PSHE Whole School Curriculum Map
Some tweaks to this plan may occur e.g. lessons may be taught in a different term (not a different year group)

	relationships through work and play. • recognise how attitude and behaviour, including bullying, may affect others. • listen to and show consideration for other people's views.			and others and how to get help. environme express vie part in deci activities to immediate or commur identify the	nt. ws and take ision-making o improve their environment nities. e importance of e able to say applying to ecessary. and share as
Key Vocab	 rules difference expectations community environment negative harassment etrustworthin ess generosity decision making collaborative 	 consideration positive feelings nervous surprise fear operative listen opinion recognise fear reflect 	 healthy eating exercise germs infections diseases improve health and well-being positive life changes improve 	 impact bullying name-calling positive responsi-bilities by-standers impulsive considered behaviour influence positive relation-ships reflect respect respect rules 	 views opinions consideration decisionmaking independently collaboratively responsi-bility road safety money spending Cross Code
Sticky Knowledge	Without rules, there would be no respect; it would make things unsafe. Rules are negative and sanction-led whereas expectations are positive and encourage responsible behaviour. We must be careful who we communicate with online because we do not know who we are communicating with and this is dangerous.	receiving good things and making good choices. • We can create our own happiness by making good choices.	 The benefits of hand washing are that it stops the spread of diseases and germs. Protein is an important part of our diet because it helps our bodies grow and repair. We should know which foods are healthy and good for our bodies. 'Good teamwork' means working together towards a shared goal. Physical exercise is good for us because it keeps us 	engages in persistent and repeated physical or mental abuse. Name-calling affects the person being called names because once it is said it cannot be taken back, so it hurts in the long-term. Cyber-bullying is persistent and repeated nastiness using an online platform. that you check helping the after them. You show that you comby helping looking affects the because it cared for a after. We like to because it cared for a after. If someone makes you and liked.	your friends are for them I them and ter them feel special makes us feel and looked e trusts you, it u feel needed become unwell. If you do not take care when crossing the road, you could get badly hurt A need is something the is essential (something we can't live without) bu a want is something we would prefer to have but is not essential.

		Having a good friend gives us support and ensures that we are not lonely. Being a good friend means that you are able to help someone when they need you. We should not treat people badly because they are not our friend. Rules in a game are important because they ensure fairness as they make that everyone play in the same way; therefore no one has the upper hand.	situation or counting to ten. Our bodies reflect our emotions by our facial expressions, sweating when we are nervous and shaking when scared. We can deal with negative emotions by doing something we enjoy e.g. listen to music or go for a walk. We should listen to and respect other people's opinions and views because everyone is equal and has the right to be listened to. We can demonstrate good listening by not interrupting and by responding appropriately.	healthy. It is not bad to be different from others; we are all different from each other in some way. We may be the same as others in aspects of our physical appearance (e.g. eye/hair colour) or in our hobbies and interest.	A bad secret is one that makes you feel uncomfortable whereas a good secret is one that	someone else's possessions. • We must return something that we have borrowed because it does	earned. • People are worth more than money because we can replace money but not people. • We should keep money safe so that people do not steal it and so we can save it to buy things that we may want/need at another time.
Year	Core Areas	Health and Wellbeing	Health and Wellbeing	Health and Wellbeing	Health and Wellbeing	Health and Wellbeing	Health and Wellbeing
2		Relationships	Relationships	Relationships	Relationships	Relationships	Relationships
		Living in the Wider	Living in the Wider	Living in the Wider	Living in the Wider	Living in the Wider	Living in the Wider
		World	World	World	World	World	World
	We are learning to:	 World Friendship 3: 'Hola! Bonjour!' know the importance of respecting others, even when they are very different from us (for example, physically, in character, personality or backgrounds), or make different choices or have different preferences or beliefs. 	World 1. Right and Wrong: 'In the Right' • understand the difference between right and wrong. 2. Family 1: 'My Family' • know that families are important for children growing up because they can give love, security	World 1. Keeping Clean 'Bath Time!': • understand the importance of and reasons for bathing and showering. • understand the importance of maintaining personal hygiene. 2. Skin: 'Skinny Tips'	 World Similarities and Differences: 'Boys V Girls' identify and respect similarities and differences between boys and girls. the process of growing from young to old. The Human Body: 'Body Bits' 	 Behaviour 3: 'Help Me!' know how to ask for advice or help for ourselves or others, and to keep trying until we are heard. know about different types of bullying, the impact of bullying, 	World 1. Emotions: 'Mood Swings' • understand a range of different feelings and emotions. • understand that it is acceptable to feel a range of emotions. • know that that there is a normal range of emotions demotions (e.g. happiness,

3D PSHE Whole School Curriculum Map
Some tweaks to this plan may occur e.g. lessons may be taught in a different term (not a different year group)

Some tweaks to this plan may occor e.g. lessons may be taught in a different term (not a difference	<u>iit year group)</u>
• know some similarities and stability. • understand the • know the names for get help.	sadness, anger, fear,
and differences between • recognise that family and importance of and different parts of the • understand who can	n help surprise, nervousness)
people from different friends should care for reasons for bathing and body. if someone is affect	ed by and scale of emotions
countries and the each other. showering. • recognise similarities and bullying.	that all humans
importance of cross- 3. Aspirations: • understand the differences based on • understand that the	
cultural friendship. 'It's A Goal!' importance of gender. are different types of	of different experiences and
2. Friendship 4: 'Share • think about themselves, maintaining personal 3. Growing Up 'All Grown bullying, that bullying	ng is situations
Alike' learn from experiences hygiene. Up' wrong and how to c	et 2. Love: 'Three Little
• understand the and recognise what they 3. Dental Hygiene 1: • know about the physical help to deal with but	llying Words'
importance of sharing as are good at. 'Brushing Up!' changes in our bodies as 2. Behaviour: 'In My	 understand the
part of friendship and • recognise choices that • understand the we grow. Shoes'	importance of love.
kindness. they can make and value importance of effective understand emotional understand that far	nily • recognise, name and deal
3. Fair and Unfair: 'It's Not their achievements. teeth cleaning and good changes as we grow up. and friends should describe the control of t	are with our
Fair! • know how to set simple dental hygiene • know that we have rights for each other.	feelings in a positive way
• recognise what is fair and goals and targets for 4. Dental Hygiene 2: over our own bodies. 3. Teasing: 'Cry Baby	2' 3. Sadness: 'How to Cope'
	es to • understand the
• take part in discussions 4. Cooperation 1: • know how to take care of Need' cope with unfair tea	
with the whole class. 'Negotiation' teeth, in addition to Understand how our understand that the	-
4. Our School: 'Common • recognise the importance brushing. needs change and grow are different types of	
Goals' of listening to other • manage basic personal as we develop. teasing and bullying	
• understand our role in people. hygiene. 5. Physical Activity 2: 4. Local Citizenship 1	
the class community. • understand the 5. Dental Hygiene 3: 'Top 'Mighty Muscles' Local Area'	with change and loss.
• know how to contribute importance of being able Teeth' • understand how muscles • understand the role	_
to the life of the to work cooperatively. • find out which foods are work. the local communit	
classroom. • understand the concept good for us. • make positive real-life 5. Local Citizenship 2	
5. Belonging 1: of negotiation. • understand the choices. 'Community Care'	money carefully.
'I Belong' 5. Cooperation 2: 'Want to importance of a healthy 6. Exercise 'Workout!' • develop a strong	5. Choices: 'This or That'
• understand that we Play' lifestyle, including dental • understand the relationship within	
belong to various groups • recognise the importance hygiene. importance of physical local community.	importance of choices
and communities. of listening to other • make simple choices that activity and rest as part • understand the	and spending money
6. Belonging 2: people. improve their health and of a balanced, healthy importance of share	
'Join Our Club!' • understand the well-being e.g. healthy lifestyle. responsibility within	
develop a sense of importance of being able eating. make positive real-life communities.	Den'
belonging in the wider to play and work 6. Drug Safety: 'Magic choices. 6. Responsibility: 'Wh	no's • gain a basic
community. cooperatively. Medicine' At Fault'	understanding of
7. Staying Safe: 'I don't 6. Cooperation 3: 'Let's • learn about the • take responsibility f	
know you!' Debate' importance of medicine actions.	'
• know how to respond • take part in a simple safety. • be responsible for	
safely and appropriately debate about topical • know that all household another living thing	.
to adults we may issues. products, including	
encounter (in all • communicate their medicines, can be	
contexts, including feelings to others.	

	online) whom we do not know.	 share opinions and explain their views. listen to other people and work co-operatively. 	harmful if not used properly.			
Skills	Pupils should be taught to recognise that there are people who care for and look after them. identify different relationships that they have and why these are important. develop positive relationships through work and play. recognise how attitude and behaviour, including bullying, may affect other. listen to and show consideration for other people's views. listen to, reflect on and respect other people's views and feelings. work and play independently and in groups, showing sensitivity to others. recognise right and wrong, what is fair and unfair and explain why. work independently and in groups, taking on different roles and collaborating towards common goals. recognise the difference between good and bad choices. consider ways of looking after the school or		 make simple choices that improve health and wellbeing e.g. healthy eating. manage basic personal hygiene. recognise that some substances can help or harm the body. seek help from an appropriate adult when 	 recognise and respect similarities and differences between people. reflect on the similarities and differences between people. recognise the simple physical changes to our bodies experienced since birth. reflect on the similarities 	Pupils should be taught to recognise that there are people who care for and look after them. identify different relationships that they have and why these are important. consider different types of teasing and bullying, understand that bullying is wrong and know how to get help to deal with bullying. seek help from an appropriate adult when necessary. recognise and respond to issues of safety relating to themselves and others and how to get help. recognise right and wrong, what is fair and unfair and explain why. recognise how their behaviour and that of others may influence people both positively and negatively. listen to, reflect on and respect other people's views and feeling. recognise how their behaviour affects other people. recognise the difference between right and wrong. listen to and show	 recognise, name and manage their feelings positive way. recognise how their behaviour affects oth people. listen to, reflect on ar respect other people views and feeling. recognise how their behaviour and that of others may influence people both positivel and negatively. recognise where mor comes from and the choices people make

	community a		and how t							tion for other		
	care for the lo			to different					people's v			
	environment.		group.							pendently and		
	 express views 			prioritise and					in groups,			
	part in decision		manage ti						different r			
	activities to in			understanding						ing towards		
	immediate er	nvironment	how this v	vill help their					common	goals.		
	or communiti	ies.	future act	ions.					 consider v 	vays of looking		
	• listen to and s	show	 recognise, 	name and					after the s	chool or		
	consideration	n for other	manage tl	neir feelings in a					communit	y and how to		
	people's view	/S.	positive w	ay.					care for th	ie local		
	• identify the in	mportance of	• share thei	r opinions on					environm	ent.		
	rules and be a	able to say	things tha	t matter to					 identify th 	e importance of	F	
	why rules app	olying to .	them.						rules and	be able to say		
	them are nece	essary.	 negotiate 	and present					why rules	applying to		
	 recognise risk 	c in everyday	their own	views.					them are	necessary.		
	activities.	. ,	• reflect on	the similarities					• suggest ru	les that would		
	• take responsi	ibility for		ences between					improve t	hings for the		
	their own safe		people.						common			
	safety of othe			nd talk about						ews and take		
	able to seek h	nelp in an		and others'					part in ded	cision-making		
	emergency.		strenaths	and weaknesses						o improve their		
	• reflect on the	similarities		o improve.						e environment		
	and difference		• work and						or commu	inity.		
	people.			ently and in						,		
	' '		groups, sh									
			sensitivity									
				pendently and								
			in groups,									
			different r									
				ing towards								
			common									
				and share as								
			appropria									
Key Vocab	• relation- •	difference	• reflect	• strengths	• choices	• manage	• differences	• beneficial	• recognise	• relation-	• recognise	• contribute
-,	ships •	right	• share	• weak-nesses		• risk	choices	• regular	• fair	ships	spending	• enterprise
		wrong	opinions	• real-life	eating	personal	• improve	• activity	• unfair	• influence	money	• afford
			identify	• set goals	• health	hygiene	• health	• physical	• reflect	positively	• common	• choices
		goals	• different	• prioritise	substances	., 3	physical	changes	• respect	• negatively	goals	2
		community	• relation-	p			activity		• views	• collaborate]	
	• apply		ships						• money	• responsible		
Cticlor	If countries v	woro	Some bel	aavioure ara	• If we don't	keep clean, we	o Boys and	girle are no		o approach a	• \//o can h	ave negative
Sticky	• II Countries V	vere	- Some bei	iaviours are	• II we don't	. keep clean, We	e • boys and	yırıs are no	• it is sare t	о арргоаст а	• we can n	ave negativ

3D PSHE Whole School Curriculum Map
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Knowledge	friendlier towards each	never right under any	will smell nasty, look	better than the other;	known adult or someone	feelings if we are involved
	other they could work	circumstances e.g.	dirty and become unwell.		in a uniform.	in some form of conflict
	together and achieve	bullying, stealing etc.	 The best way to keep 	 The key physical 	 If you were lost or in 	or when we do
	more.	 It is best to think of the 	clean is to bath/shower,	difference is that boys	danger, try to find a	something wrong
	You can be generous by	consequences of an	wash hands and wash our	have a penis and girls	trusted adult.	(because we feel guilty).
	giving your time as well	action before you do it	hair.	have a vagina.	 It is important to see 	 We can deal with
	as giving money and	because there are always	 Our skin is the largest 	 Differences between 	things from other	negative feelings by
	help.	consequences to	organ in our body.	boys and girls do not	people's point of view as	talking to the right
	'Unfair' means that you	everything we do; it may	 Skin is strong, waterproof 	matter because we are	there are often other	people – e.g. trusted
	are not being treated the		and flexible.	still equal.	ways of looking at things.	
	same as everyone else for	right decisions before it is	• As we get older, our skin	 Only someone who we 	 A 'positive impact' means 	 Love is an important
	no good reason.	too late.	becomes more fragile	allow to touch us has the	that something has a	emotion because it
	You support your school	Goals are important	and less stretchy.	right to touch us.	good effect.	makes people feel
	community by behaving		 We have four types of 	• Examples of appropriate	Rules are important	important and cared for.
	responsibly.	something to aim for to	different teeth: incisors,	touching include a hug	because they help us to	 We show love by what we
	Another example of a	encourage us to be better	canines, molars and pre-	and a kiss etc.	stay safe and to ensure	do and say: we may give
	community is the	than we currently are.	molars.	We need our muscles in	that everyone is treated	gifts or hug and kiss
	Brownies, a swimming	• It is important to be able			equally and has the same	
	club etc.	to negotiate to enable	tear food, premolars	We can strengthen our	opportunities.	we love them.
	Being part of a	people to reach	crush it and molars grind	muscles by exercising.		• It is OK to feel sad as we
	community enables	agreements.	it up.	 You can increase the 		are all sad sometimes.
	people to support each	• It is important to be able	We should clean our	exercise you do by joining	J	 If we feel sad, we should
	other and achieve	to work as a team to	teeth by using a brush	a sports club and walking		not try to cope on our
	common goals.	enable people to work	with some appropriate	instead of using		own; we can share our
	School could be	towards a common goal	toothpaste in a gentle	transport.		problems.
	described as a	or to complete	circular motion.			It is more important to
	community because it	something.	Other than brushing, we			buy food than toys
	comprises a group of	• 'Peace-loving?' means to want to resolve conflict.	can also use mouthwash			because food is a need
	people who are working		and dental floss, eat			whereas toys are a want.
	towards the same goal - which is to learn.	It is OK to disagree because we all can have	healthily and visit the			Money is important
	We can help to look after	our own opinions.	dentist regularly to look			because we need it to live
	others in our school	our own opinions.	after our teeth.			and survive.
	community and our wider		Fruit, vegetables and			You can earn money by
	community by behaving		calcium-rich dairy products are all good for			working or by selling something.
	responsibly and being		our teeth.			something.
	kind.		We should only take			
	An adult you do not know	,	medicines when			
	is someone you feel		prescribed/given by a			
	unsafe with compared to		doctor or nurse.			
	an adult you do know.		If too much medicine is			
	We can keep ourselves		taken, it can be very			
	- We can keep ourselves	1	caken, it can be very			

	Joine two				ı		(car groop)
		safe when we encounter		dangerous and we could			
		adults we don't know		get very ill.			
		by not trusting them.					
Year	Core Areas	Health and Wellbeing		Health and	Health and	Health and	Health and
3			Wellbeing	Wellbeing	Wellbeing	Wellbeing	Wellbeing
		Relationships	Relationships	Relationships	Relationships	Relationships	Relationships
		Living in the Wider	Living in the Wider	Living in the Wider	Living in the Wider	Living in the Wider	Living in the Wider
		World	World	World	World	World	World
	We are	1. E-Safety:	1. Friendship 1:	1. Physical, Emotional and	1. Clear Messages: 'Dot,	1. Before Puberty: 'You've	1. Balanced Approach:
	learning to:	'Online Chat'	'Best Features'	Mental 1:	Dot, Dash!'	Grown'	'Define Healthy'
	learning to.	 know the rules and 	 know and understand the 	'I Am Who I Am'	 recognise that there are 	 understand that the rate 	 understand the meaning
		principles for	features of a good friend.	 know that mental 	many ways to	at which we grow differs	of the word 'healthy'.
		keeping safe online, how	 understand why it is 	wellbeing is a normal	communicate.	from person to person.	2. Physical Exercise:
		to recognise risks,	important to be positive	part of daily life, in the	 understand the need to 	2. Visible Changes: 'Mind	'Active Kids'
		harmful content and	in relationships with	same way as physical	communicate clearly.	the Gap'	• know the risks associated
		contact, and how to	others.	health.	2. How to Listen: 'Listen	 know and understand 	with an inactive lifestyle
		report them.	2. Friendship 2: 'Circles	 know and understand the 	Up!'	how to look after our	(including obesity).
		2. Online Privacy 1: 'The	Time'	difference between the	 understand why it is 	teeth.	know the recommended
		Secrets Jar'	 know how important 	terms physical,	important to listen to	 understand what 	guidelines for physical
		 know about the concept 	friendships are in making	emotional and mental.	others.	happens when we lose	activity and understand
		of privacy and the	us feel happy and secure,	2. Physical, Emotional and		teeth as we grow up and	the reasons for these.
		implications of it for both		Mental 2: 'Hearts and	'My Community'	why this happens.	3. Lifestyle Choices: 'It's
		children and adults,	and make friends.	Minds'	 understand why it is 	3. How to Help:	Your Choice'
		including that it is not	 know that healthy 	become more self-aware.	important to be part of a		 know the benefits of
		always right to keep	friendships are positive	3. Physical, Emotional and	,	understand the	physical exercise, time
		secrets if they relate to	and welcoming towards	Mental 3:	4. School Communities:	importance of 'First Aid'.	outdoors, community
		being safe.	others, and do not make	'Three in One'	'School Swap'	4. Emergency Calls 1:	participation, voluntary
		know how to consider	others feel lonely or	understand why setting	understand why it is	'Calling 999'	and service-based
		the effect of our online	excluded.	goals is important.	important to be part of a		activity on mental
		actions on others and know how to recognise	know and understand the		community.	clear and efficient call to	wellbeing and happiness.
		and display respectful	features of a good friend.	know the importance of		emergency services if	4. Working Together 1: 'Name Game'
		behaviour online and the	understand why it is	sufficient, good quality		necessary.	understand why it is
		importance of keeping	important to be positive	sleep for good health and that a lack of sleep can		5. Emergency Calls 2: 'Ambulance, Now!'	important to listen to
		personal information	in relationships with others.	affect weight, mood and		-	·
		private.		ability to learn.		 know the importance of a paramedic. 	5. Working Together 2
		3. Online Privacy 2: 'E-	3. Friendship 3: 'Falling Out'	ability to ledill.		parameuic.	'Build It Up!'
		Protection'	• know that most				understand why it is
		use ICT safely, including	friendships have ups and				important to work
		keeping electronic data	downs and that these can				collaboratively.
		secure.	often be worked through				6. Shared Goals
		4. Rules: 'I'm In Charge!'	orten be worked through				S. S. area Gouls
		14. Noico. Till III Charge:	1		l .	l	

3D PSHE Whole School Curriculum Map
Some tweaks to this plan may occur e.g. lessons may be taught in a different term (not a different year group)

Joine twe	caks to this plan in	ay occur e.g. resse	ons may be tabyin	in a different terri	T (HOL & GITTETETIL)	car groop)
	 understand why rules are 					'Better Places'
	needed in different	repaired or even				 know how to identify
	situations.	strengthened, and that				ways to improve the
	 recognise that rules may 	resorting to violence is				environment.
	need to be changed.	never right.				 know how to spot
	5. Thinking Ahead:	 know what sorts of 				problems and find ways
	'Lesson Planning'	boundaries are				of dealing with them.
	 understand why it is 	appropriate in				3
	important to plan ahead	friendships with peers				
	and think of potential	and others (including in a				
	consequences as a result	digital context).				
	of our actions.	4. Friendship 4:				
	6. Taking the Lead:	'The BAFAs'				
	'Learning Time'	 explore friendship by 				
	 understand why it is 	holding a friendship				
	important to behave	awards event called the				
	responsibly.	BAFAs (Best at				
	 recognise that actions 	Friendship Awards)				
	have consequences.	where individuals will be				
	inave consequences.	recognised for their				
		excellent friendship skills				
		and actions.				
		use the ideas from				
		previous lessons to				
		compile a list of				
		categories for the awards				
		e.g. most reliable,				
		kindest, etc.				
		5. Loss/Separation 1: 'I				
		Lost!'				
		 know how to recognise 				
		and talk about our				
		emotions, including				
		having a varied				
		vocabulary of words to				
		use when talking about				
		our own and others'				
		feelings.				
		6. Loss/Separation 2:				
		'Found'				
		 know how to recognise 				
		and talk about our				
		and talk about our				

		emotions, including				
		having a varied				
		vocabulary of words to				
		use when talking about				
		our own and others'				
		feelings.				
Skills	Pupils should be taught to	Pupils should be taught to	Pupils should be taught to	Pupils should be taught to	Pupils should be taught to	Pupils should be taught
	 show awareness of issues 	 work co-operatively, 	 recognise and respect 	 work co-operatively, 	 recognise and respect 	 negotiate and present m
	affecting communities	showing fairness and	similarities and	showing fairness and	similarities and	own views.
	and groups.	consideration to others.	differences between	consideration to others.	differences between	• explore the relationship
	 identify and understand 	• talk about their views on	people.	• face new challenges	people.	and balance between
	why laws are made and	issues that affect them	 recognise the benefits of 	positively and know when	 listen to and show 	physical activity and
	how they are applied	and their class.	regular exercise and	to seek help.	consideration for other	nutrition in achieving a
	justly.	 empathise with another 	understand the particular	• talk about their views on	people's views.	physically and mentally
	 reflect on the impact of 	viewpoint.	benefits of different	issues that affect them	 show awareness of 	healthy lifestyle.
	people's actions on others.	 work co-operatively, 	physical activities for	and their class.	changes that take place as	• begin to make informed
	 know how to keep safe 	showing fairness and	promoting health.	 empathise with another 	they grow.	lifestyle choices.
	and how and where to get	consideration to others.	• self-assess, understanding	viewpoint.	• recognise the importance	• recognise the benefits of
	help.	• talk about their views on	how this will help their	• show awareness of issues	of local organisations in	regular exercise and
	• recognise and respond to	issues that affect them	future actions.	affecting communities	providing for the needs of	understand the particula
	issues of safety relating to	and their class.	 develop strategies for 	and groups.	the local community.	benefits of different
	myself and others and	form and maintain	managing and controlling	• recognise the importance	make decisions, giving	physical activities for
	how to get help.	appropriate relationships	strong feelings and	of local organisations in	consideration to the	promoting health.
	• use strategies to stay safe	with a range of different	emotions.	providing for the needs of	impact they may have on	• begin to make responsib
	when using ICT and the	people.	• explore the relationship	the local community.	others.	choices and consider
	internet.	recognise how their	and balance between	• reflect on how people can	• recognise and manage risk	consequences.
	behave safely and	behaviour and that of	physical activity and	take actions, make a	in everyday activities.	 identify the difference
	responsibly in different	others may influence	nutrition in achieving a	positive contribution and	• take responsibility for	between needs and want
	situations.	people both positively and	physically and mentally	have a say in what	their own safety and the	 recognise the factors
	• follow school rules about	negatively.	healthy lifestyle.	happens, both locally and	safety of others and be	influencing opinion and
	health and safety and	listen to and show	• begin to make informed	nationally.	able to seek help in an	choice, including the
	know where to get help.	consideration for other	lifestyle choices.	 work independently and in 	emergency.	media.
	use ICT safely including	people's views.	• begin to make informed	groups, taking on different		 work co-operatively,
	keeping electronic data	 develop strategies for 	lifestyle choices.	roles and collaborating	with risky situations.	showing fairness and
	secure.	managing and controlling	• listen to, reflect on and	towards common goals.	behave safely and	consideration to others.
	use ICT safely including	strong feelings and	respect other people's	• recognise how new	responsibly in different	 reflect on their own
	using software features	emotions.	views and feelings.	relationships may develop		mistakes and make
	and settings.	empathise with another	• set goals, prioritise and	' '		amends.
	begin to make responsible	viewpoint.	manage time and			• take the lead, prioritise
	choices and consider	 know how to keep safe 	resources, understanding			actions and work
	consequences.	and how and where to get	how this will help their			independently and
	• recognise the need to take	I =	future actions.			collaboratively towards

	responsibility for my actions. • recognise right and wrong what is fair and unfair and explain why. • self-assess, understanding how this will help my future actions. • work independently and ir groups, taking on differen roles and collaborating towards common goals. • take the lead, prioritise actions and work independently and collaboratively towards goals. • reflect on own mistakes and make amends.	and how to get help. Iisten to, reflect on and respect other people's views and feelings. work and play independently and in	choices and consequen						empathise viewpoint.suggest ho contribute	ecognising, managing risk. with another w they can to a range of hat help them more
Key Vocab	 community groups ICT health and safety collaborate common goals responsibly consequences 	• fairness • consideration • sympathise • empathise • influence • responsible choices • consequences	• recognise • similarities • differences • strategies • relation-ship	physicallymentallyrespectgoalshealthy lifestyle	• cooperative • manage • control • local organisa- tions • feelings	relation-shipbalanceempathisereflectactionsemotions	• strategies • risk • sensibly • impact • responsibly • awareness	• changes • strategies • emergency • consideration	 negotiate present views physical activity nutrition responsible choices 	• consequences • needs • wants • media • managing risk
Sticky Knowledge	 We can stay safe online by following the E-safety policy when in school and, when at home, only go on sites that we trust and do not chat to anyone who we do not know. It is important to follow internet safety rules to keep yourself and others safe. We must be careful abour sharing our name, date or 	 kind. Having good friends makes life so much better because they are a positive influence in your life. You can show friendship to the people you meet by talking to them, smiling and offering help. 	the body a health is a Physical, e mental he equally im all work to us healthy Goal settir because ye	bout the mind. motional and alth are all portant as they gether to keep and happy. ng is important ou can gain n from having g to aim	to make n A good list someone talking an empathy. The benef part of a are that it	cation is to avoid any conflict and eeds clear. tener is who stops d shows fits of being a community gives a sense ng, shared	adult. It is when change as adults. During thi children's body shap changing. breast gro develop upubic hair their period	childhood and our bodies we become s time, height and bes are For girls,	We can ke healthy p exercising by doing to (e.g. spen friends an mentally positively goals. • When we exercising increases, rate incre sweat.	g, our heart rate our breathing ases and we

		 You can get help and support about internet concerns from a trusted adult. The positives of being responsible for a class are that it is nice to be in control and see pupils progress; the negatives 	 able to understand and share someone else's feelings. Empathising benefits others because it makes them feel supported. Stay with others in your group when you are on trips to avoid getting lost. 	good physical and mental health.		they grow pubic, under arm and facial hair. Both boys and girls will experience mood swings. • We lose our first set of teeth so that we can get a new set to fit our larger face, because the rest of our head has grown; these larger teeth need to last us for the rest of our lives. • We can look after our teeth by visiting the dentist regularly, flossing, using mouthwash, brushing regularly and eating healthily. • 'First Aid' is emergency medical help. • In an emergency, call 999; this gives you access to Ambulance, Police and Fire Brigade services. • When making an emergency phone call, you need to have the address of where you need help and details about what's wrong. • A paramedic will provide emergency on-scene medical assistance.	than a want because it is required for us to stay healthy. Other than exercise, we also need to sleep well, eat sensibly, maintain good hygiene and keep safe to stay healthy. Good communication and collaboration are important for good working relationships. It is not always good to work with our closest friends; you do not always achieve as much as you could because you are spending too much time off task. Collaboration means working well with others towards a goal. When working with others, you may get distracted, sit back and not join in which can result in conflict.
Year	Core Areas	Health and Wellbeing	Health and	Health and	Health and	Health and	Health and
4			Wellbeing	Wellbeing	Wellbeing	Wellbeing	Wellbeing
•		Relationships	Relationships	Relationships	Relationships	Relationships	Relationships
		Living in the Wider	Living in the Wider	Living in the Wider	Living in the Wider	Living in the Wider	Living in the Wider
		World	World	World	World	World	World

	<u>ne tweaks to this plan m</u>				-	
We are			1. Balanced Diet 1: 'Plant		1. Identified Strengths 1:	1. Connections: 'Paper
learnin	q to: Personal'	know how to recognise	or Animal'	'Agony Aunts'	'I'm Good At That'	Chains'
	use ICT safely including	the difference between	 know what constitutes a 	 understand why it is 	 understand that 	 understand how we are
	using software features	isolated hostile incidents	healthy diet (including	important to listen to	everyone has different	all connected by our
	and settings.	and bullying.	understanding calories	others.	strengths and	similarities.
	 know how information 	2. Self-Worth: 'I'm A	and other nutritional	2. Expressing Opinions:	weaknesses.	2. Family Links: 'Family
	and data is shared and	Marvel!'	content).	'It's Debatable'	2. Self-Respect: 'Let's	Tree'
	used online.	 understand what self- 	 know where different 	 know how to 	R.O.C.K!'	 know that stable, caring
	2. Internet Use 1: 'Online	esteem is and why it is	foods come from.	communicate our	learn about the	relationships, which may
	Usage'	important.	2. Balanced Diet 2:	opinions in a group	importance of self-	be of different types, are
	know that for most	 know how to 	'Balancing Act'	setting.	respect and how this	at the heart of happy
	people the internet is an	communicate our	 know what constitutes a 	 understand why it is 	links to our own	families, and are
	integral part of life and	opinions in a group	healthy diet (including	important to listen to	happiness.	important for children's
	has many benefits.	setting.	understanding calories	others.	3. Identified Strengths 2:	security as we grow up.
	• know about the benefits	3. Persistence and	and other nutritional	3. Loss/Separation 3: 'Left		know and understand
	of rationing time spent	Resilience: 'Don't Give	content).	Behind'	 know how to set realistic 	
	online, the risks of	Up'	know about and	know that isolation and	targets.	family units can differ.
	excessive time spent on	understand the terms	understand the function	loneliness can affect	4. Setting Goals 1: 'That's	
	electronic devices and	'resilience' and	of different food groups	children and that it is	My Goal'	'Faith Findings'
	the impact of positive	'persistence' and why	for a balanced diet.	very important for us to	understand how to break	
	and negative content		3. Working With Food 1:	discuss our feelings with	down the steps needed	appreciate the range of
	online on their own and	important.	`Master Chef'	an adult and seek	to achieve a goal.	different cultures and
	others' mental and	4. Negative Persistence:	know the principles of	support.	5. Setting Goals 2: 'The	religions represented
	physical wellbeing.	'Over and Over'	planning and preparing a	4.Family Changes: 'Two Homes'	Impossible Dream'	within school.
	3. Internet Usage 2: 'Age Limits'	know about different	range of healthy meals.		identify and talk about	learn about the need for
		types of bullying	4. Working With Food 2: 'Our Food Hall'	know that others' formiliae with a ring calcal.	my own and others'	tolerance for those of
	 know why social media, some computer games 	(including cyberbullying), the impact of bullying,		families, either in school or in the wider world,	strengths and weaknesses and how to	different faiths and beliefs.
	and online gaming, for	responsibilities of	 learn to prepare and cook a variety of dishes. 	sometimes look different		4. Religious Views 2:
	example, are age	bystanders (primarily	a variety of disfles.	from our family, but that	•	'Inside Outside'
	restricted.	reporting bullying to an		we should respect those	skills needed in different	 know what a stereotype
	know where and how to	adult) and how to get		differences and know	jobs.	is, and how stereotypes
	report concerns and get	help.		that other children's	Jobs.	can be unfair, negative or
	support with issues	know how to recognise		families are also		destructive.
	online.	bullying behaviour.		characterised by love and		 understand the term
	4. Gender Stereotypes:	5. Feelings: 'Overreacting'		care.		'diversity' and appreciate
	'His and Hers'	know how to judge		 understand that family 		diversity within school.
	know what a stereotype	whether what we are		units can be different and		 understand the need for
	is, and how stereotypes	feeling and how we are		can sometimes change.		tolerance for those who
	can be unfair, negative or			l same and a same and a same a		are different from us.
	destructive.	and proportionate.				5. Money Choices: 'A
	know and understand the					Million Dollars'
	* Kilow and understand the	1			1	Willion Dollars

JOINE CVV	eaks to tills plan ill	ay occor eig. 16550	ons may be tabgin	t iii a aiii ci ciic ccii	ii (iiot a aiiiteiteiit y	car groop)
	terms 'discrimination' and 'stereotype'. challenge stereotypes relating to gender and work. show awareness of issues affecting communities.					 Know and reflect on our own spending habits/choices. understand why financial management and planning is important from a young age. Managing Money: 'Design Choices' Know and reflect on the own spending habits/choices. understand why financial management and planning is important
Skills	Pupils should be taught to show awareness of issues affecting communities and groups. reflect on the impact of people's actions on others. recognise and respond to issues of safety relating to myself and others and how to get help. use ICT safely including using software features and settings. begin to make responsible choices and consider consequences. behave safely and responsibly in different situations. recognise the importance of local organisations in providing for the needs of the local community. reflect on how people can take actions, make a	 recognise how attitude and behaviour, including bullying, may affect others. recognise how attitude, behaviour and peer pressure can influence choice and behaviour, including dealing with bullying. talk about their views on issues that affect them and their class. identify strategies to respond to negative behaviour constructively and ask for help. understand the nature and consequences of negative behaviours such as bullying, 	Pupils should be taught to explore the relationship and balance between physical activity and nutrition in achieving a physically and mentally healthy lifestyle. begin to make informed lifestyle choices. work collaboratively towards common goals. reach agreements, make decisions and manage discussions to achieve positive results. recognise stereotyping and discrimination. identify the range of jobs carried out by the people they know. reflect on the range of skills needed in different jobs. work co-operatively, showing fairness and consideration to others.	Pupils should be taught to work co-operatively, showing fairness and consideration to others. talk about their views on issues that affect them and their class. empathise with another viewpoint. listen to and show consideration for other people's views. develop strategies for managing and controlling strong feelings and emotions. identify strategies to respond to negative behaviour constructively and ask for help. form and maintain appropriate relationships with a range of different people.	Pupils should be taught to recognise their strengths and how they can contribute to different groups identify and talk about their own and others' strengths and weaknesses and how to improve. self-assess, understanding how this will help their future actions. begin to reflect on their worth as an individual by identifying positive things about themselves and their achievements. recognise what they are good at. recognise, name and manage their feelings in a positive way. reflect on the range of skills needed in different jobs. recognise why people	 work co-operatively, showing fairness and consideration to others. recognise and respect similarities and differences between people. empathise with another viewpoint. form and maintain appropriate relationship with a range of different people.

	positive contribution and	reflect on how people can	• face new cl	hallonges		work.	wants.	
	have a say in what	take actions, make a		nalleriges and know when		 begin to make responsible 		ione giving
	happens, both locally and		to seek hel			choices and consider	considerati	
	nationally.	have a say in what		•				
	work independently and		behave safe			consequences.	others.	y may have on
		happens, both locally and		in different				
	in groups, taking on	nationally.	situations.				• set goals, p	
	different roles and	work and play	• form and m				manage tir	
	collaborating towards	independently and in		e relationships				understanding
	common goals.	groups, showing	_	e of different				ill help their
	 recognise how new 	sensitivity to others.	people.				future action	-
	relationships may	 respond to challenges, 						what influence
	develop.	including recognising,						people make
		taking and managing risk.					about how	money is
		 face new challenges 					spent.	
		positively and know when						
		to seek help.						
		 work co-operatively, 						
		showing fairness and						
		consideration to others.						
		 recognise right and 						
		wrong, what is fair and						
		unfair and explain why.						
		 develop strategies for 						
		managing and controlling						
		strong feelings and						
		emotions.						
		 recognise how their 						
		behaviour and that of						
		others may influence						
		people both positively						
		and negatively.						
Key Vocab	• impact	• sensitivity	• stereo-	•discrimin-	• empathise	• self-assess	 appropriate 	• empathise
,	• software features	• challenges,	typing	ation	 consideration 	• identify	relation-	• needs
	• consequences	• co-operatively	balance	safely	• views	• positive	ships	wants
	• responsible choices	• fairness	• skills	•form	• issues	• feelings	• recognise	• set goals
	 positive contribution 	• consideration	agreement	maintain	• managing	• contribute	• stereo-	• prioritise
	• local organisations	• strategies	discussions	• lifestyle	• controlling	• improve	typing	• manage
		• managing	appropriate	choices	• feelings	• future actions	• issues	time
		• controlling	relationship		• emotions	• reflect	challenge	• manage
		• feelings			- Citiodions	• worth	• discrimin-	resources
		- recinigs				• responsible choices	ation	• money
		1	<u> </u>			- responsible choices		- money

Some tw	eaks to this plan may occur e.g. lessons may be taught in a different term (not a different year group)
Sticky Knowledge	• Only go on websites you tusted responses linked to people and don't click on any links. • We must share our knowledge about internet safety with others to help them says safe. • Excessive internet usage is its difficult to say what ware good at bradus on the things we are posted at beause served healthy diet to does not always see this as a good thing. • A 'streetype' is a preconceived idea about someone. • Bedief or for your health and wellbeing. • A 'streetype' is a preconceived idea about someone. • Bedief or for your health and wellbeing. • Persistence and resilience mean that you do not give up and you overcome difficulties and problems and mental wellbeing because the kind and mental wellbeing because it is hurfful and damaging to to too achieve goals. • Bullying is a negative form of persistence because it involves graphs and admigning to the achieve goals. • We need to eat a balanced diet and mental wellbeing because they can help you overcome difficulties and problems and the ingredients we are using etc. • Ezero tolerance in school and encouraging people to speak up if they are being bullied will help to stop bullying • Expect to learnace in school and encouraging people to speak up if they are being bullied will help to stop bullying • The main food gardy expended expended and the problems and problems and the problems and problems and the ingredients we are using etc. • The main f

			 Overreacting can cause relationships to break down which causes conflict. We can judge whether a reaction is appropriate and proportional by knowing what a proportionate response would be. 				It is extremely important to think about our future wants/needs so that we handle our money responsibly and make sure we have enough.
Year	Topic	Health and Wellbeing	Health and	Health and	Health and	Health and	Health and
5		5 1 .1 .11	Wellbeing	Wellbeing	Wellbeing	Wellbeing	Wellbeing
		Relationships	Relationships	Relationships	Relationships	Relationships	Relationships
		Living in the Wider	Living in the Wider	Living in the Wider	Living in the Wider	Living in the Wider	Living in the Wider
		World	World	World	World	World	World
	We are	1. Structure: 'Just Imagine'	1. Death and Grief 1: 'It's Natural'	Physical, Mental and Emotional 1: 'What's	1. Physical, Mental and Emotional 2: '3-	1. Food Choices 1: 'Secret Eaters'	1. Teamwork: 'Scrabble'
	learning to:	 understand why structure 		Puberty?'	Dimensional'	 know what constitutes a 	 understand that there are many situations in which
		is needed in different	and talk about our	 know key facts about 	know that mental	healthy diet (including	collaboration is
		situations.	emotions, including	puberty and the changing			necessary.
		 understand the term 	having a varied	adolescent body,	of daily life, in the same	and other nutritional	 understand the need to
		'anarchy' and understand	vocabulary of words to	particularly from age 9	way as physical health.	content).	develop teamwork skills.
		the implications of living	use when talking about	through to age 11,	 know about the basic 	 know about the different 	2. Shared Goals :
		in an anarchic society.	our own and others'	including physical and	synergy between	food groups and their	'It's All Go!'
		2. Law and Order:	feelings.	emotional changes.	physical, emotional and	related importance as	recognise that there are
			Death and Grief 2: 'Poppies'	2. Healthy Lifestyles: 'You Choose!'	mental health.	part of a balanced diet.	many roles within a
		 know and understand the meaning of the following: 	know about and	know the characteristics	2. Confidentiality: 'Secret Info'	 develop an awareness of our own dietary needs. 	community. • understand the need to
		- democracy, sovereignty,	understand the cyclic	and mental and physical	 know the importance of 	2. Food Choices: 'Invention	
		dictatorship,	nature of life and how	benefits of an active	permission-seeking and	Team'	situation.
		government, monarchy.	death is an inevitable part	lifestyle.	giving in relationships	 know the principles of 	3. Community Spirit: 'All
		3. U.N. Rights:	of this cycle.	 understand the 	with friends, peers and	planning and preparing a	Join In'
		'Our Rights'	3. Managing Conflict:	importance of making	adults.	range of healthy meals.	 recognise that there are
		Know about	'Families at War'	changes in adopting a	 recognise that there are 	3. Cooking:	many roles within a
		organisations such as the		healthier lifestyle. 3. Tobacco:	many different ways to	'Michelin Stars'	community.
		United Nations. • understand the	family relationships are making us feel unhappy	3. Tobacco: 'Up In Smoke'	communicate. • understand the need for	 know what constitutes a healthy diet (including 	understand the need to collaborate in a group
		importance and	or unsafe, and how to	know the facts about	confidentiality in certain	understanding calories	collaborate in a group situation.
		significance of equal	seek help or advice from	legal and illegal harmful	situations.	and other nutritional	Situation.
		rights.	others if needed.	substances and	3. Listening 1:	content).	4. Basic First-Aid: 'First-Aid
		4. Online Relationships:	 understand the need for 	associated risks, including		 know how to cook and 	Tips'

					
to be balanced against	feel alone and	behaviour and that of	their own views.	decisions and manage	showing fairness and
responsibilities in order to	misunderstood and learn	others may influence	 begin to reflect on their 	discussions to achieve	consideration to others.
protect individuals and	how to give appropriate	people both positively	worth as an individual by	positive results.	 recognise their strengths
communities from	support.	and negatively.	identifying positive things	 negotiate and present 	and how they can
injustice.	 develop strategies for 	 work and play 	about themselves and	their own views.	contribute to different
• discuss how people can	understanding, managing	independently and in	their achievements.	 explore the relationship 	groups.
live and work together to	and controlling strong	groups, showing	 show awareness of 	and balance between	 work independently and
benefit their	feelings and emotions and	sensitivity to others.	changes that take place as	physical activity and	in groups, taking on
communities.	dealing with negative	 understand the physical 	they grow.	nutrition in achieving a	different roles and
• talk, write and explain my	pressures.	and emotional changes	 recognise that when the 	physically and mentally	collaborating towards
views on issues that affect	 identify how to find 	that take place during	body changes during	healthy lifestyle.	common goals.
the wider environment.	information and advice	puberty, why they are	puberty it can affect	• begin to make informed	 recognise how new
 take action based on 	through help lines.	taking place and the	feelings and behaviour.	lifestyle choices.	relationships may
responsible choices.	 manage changing 	importance of personal	 take responsibility for 	 work collaboratively 	develop.
recognise the difference	emotions and recognise	hygiene.	their physical activity and	towards common goals.	• reflect on the many
between right and wrong	how they can impact on	recognise how new	nutrition in achieving a	• recognise their strengths	different types of
and what is fair and unfair	relationships.	relationships may	physically and mentally	and how they can	relationships that exist.
and explain why.	 reflect on how to deal 	develop.	healthy lifestyle.	contribute to different	 recognise that
• consider the main	with feelings about	 manage changing 	 work co-operatively, 	groups.	communities and the
features of a democracy.	themselves, their family	emotions and recognise	showing fairness and	listen to and show	people within them are
work collaboratively	and others in a positive	how they can impact on	consideration to others.	consideration for other	diverse, changing and
towards common goals.	way.	relationships.	• recognise and respond to	people's views.	interconnected.
• reach agreements, make	 recognise that positive 	 negotiate and present 	issues of safety relating to	work independently and	work and play
decisions and manage	friendships and	their own views.	themselves and others	in groups, taking on	independently and in
discussions to achieve	relationships can promote	 reflect on how to deal 	and how to get help.	different roles and	groups, showing
positive results.	health and wellbeing.	with feelings about	• listen to, reflect on and	collaborating towards	sensitivity to others.
 self-assess, understanding 	• talk with a wide range of	themselves, their family	respect other people's	common goals.	 identify the skills they
how this will help their	adults.	and others in a positive	views and feelings.	• reach agreements, make	need to develop to make
future actions.	 recognise that 	way.	• reflect on the many	decisions and manage	their own contribution in
 recognise that people's 	communities and the	 develop strategies for 	different types of	discussions to achieve	the working world in the
basic needs are the same	people within them are	understanding, managing	relationships that exist.	positive results.	future.
around the world,	diverse, changing and	and controlling strong	 work co-operatively, 	work independently and	• recognise that positive
discussing why some	interconnected.	feelings and emotions and	showing fairness and	in groups, taking on	friendships and
societies are more able to	• discuss how people can	dealing with negative	consideration to others.	different roles and	relationships can promote
meet these needs than	live and work together to	pressures.	• recognise that people can	collaborating towards	health and wellbeing.
others.	benefit their	 identify how to find 	feel alone and	common goals.	take action based on
engage actively with	communities.	information and advice	misunderstood and learn	 respond to challenges, 	responsible choices.
democratic processes and	 recognise and respect 	through help lines.	how to give appropriate	including recognising,	recognise and respond to
address issues of concern	similarities and	• take action based on	support.	taking and managing risk.	issues of safety relating to
to them through their	differences between	responsible choices.	 develop strategies for 	make connections	themselves and others
actions and decision-	people.	 develop strategies for 	understanding, managing	between their learning,	and how to get help.
making.	 work independently and 	understanding, managing			• recognise how their

	 recognise and respect similarities and differences between people. listen to, reflect on and respect other people's views and feelings. develop strategies for understanding, managing and controlling strong feelings and emotions and dealing with negative pressures. identify the different kinds of risks associated with the use and misuse of a range of substances and the impact that misuse of substances can have on individuals, their families and friends. make responsible, informed decisions relating to medicines, alcohol, tobacco, and other substances and drugs. 	in groups, taking on different roles and collaborating towards common goals.	and controlling strong feelings and emotions and dealing with negative pressures. • identify the different kinds of risks associated with the use and misuse of a range of substances and the impact that misuse of substances can have on individuals, their families and friends. • make responsible, informed decisions relating to medicines, alcohol, tobacco and other substances and drugs.	feelings and emotions and dealing with negative pressures. • identify how to find information and advice through help lines.	their future economic wellbeing. take action based on responsible choices. take responsibility for their own safety and the safety of others and be able to seek help in an emergency. recognise when physical contact is acceptable and unacceptable. judge what kind of physical contact is acceptable or unacceptable in relationships.	behaviour and that of others may influence people both positively negatively. • take responsibility for their own safety and the safety of others and be able to seek help in an emergency.
Key Vocab	protect individuals communities injustice agreements democracy misuse substances drugs	 appropriate support emotions feelings diverse changing interconnected roles 	 negative pressures puberty healthy lifestyle responsibility physical activity nutrition influence positively negatively 	 achievement nutrition physically mentally healthy lifestyle relationships negative pressures 	 negotiate relation-ship balance collaborative common goals respond challenges taking/managing risk respons-ible choice 	 skills considera- behavious safety relation-ship independent diverse
Sticky Knowledge	'Anarchy' means to live without rule, giving individuals the freedom to be in charge of themselves.	Memories of loved ones we have lost are important to us because they remind us of all the good times shared together.	During puberty, the body produces hormones and many changes occur including mood swings, breasts develop, pubic and under arm hair	 The three dimensions of wellbeing are physical, mental and emotional. Everyone is responsible for keeping themselves 	 A balanced, healthy diet uses all the food groups in the correct proportion. Cooking healthy meals is important 	 Collaboration is needed different skills are needed to work towards an end goal. If someone is not playi their part within the

Some tweaks to this plant	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			,	car groop)
An example of a	• The poppy symbolises	grows, your voice	safe with the help of	because healthy eating	team, you should
democracy is in the UK	the life cycle; the red of	deepens and girls start	family and teachers.	means a healthy body.	encourage them to join
where we have a	the poppy (Flanders	their periods.	 You should not share 	 People eat takeaways 	in and support them in
government and	Field) signifies the blood	 Personal hygiene is 	information/ emotions	rather than cooking	this; point out to them
monarchy (sovereignty)		especially important	with anyone you do not	healthy meals as they are	
An example of a	is a symbol of	then as, due to under	trust and who you cannot	fast and easy.	affects others.
dictatorship is North	remembrance.	arm hair, sweat sticks to	be sure will not tell	 Positive touch is 	 Some accidents can be
Korea.	 The circle of life connects 	this and often becomes	anyone else.	hugging/to communicate	avoided by taking more
It is important to have	life to death and is	odorous.	• It is important to listen to	(e.g. to tap someone or	time and care in certain
equal rights to ensure	illustrated by the life	 If you are offered a 	others to take their	to shake hands).	situations.
that life is fair for	cycle of a poppy: when	cigarette you should	advice and learn from	 Negative touch is 	 if you are in any doubt
everyone.	the flower dies, the seed	decline it.	their mistakes.	slapping or inappropriate	
Equal rights mean that	pod opens up and	 Smoking is harmful 		touch.	first-aid situation, you
there is respect for	creates lots of new	because it causes illness		 If you are concerned by 	should call 999.
individuals and everyone	poppies.	and disease.		any negative forms of	
in everyday life.	 Separation and divorce 	 If you inhaled a volatile 		touch, you should tell a	
You should show respect		substance, you could		trusted adult or call	
for someone in an online		become very unwell and		NSPCC/Child Line.	
context by not sharing	the relationship and	this could be life			
private information;	communication breaks	threatening.			
communicate as if you	down.	• Someone might take the			
were face to face.	We should talk to a	risk because they have			
Drugs are positive as	trusted adult or friend,	been dared by a friend,			
medicines but	Child Line, NSPCC etc. if	they many want to			
recreational drugs are	we are troubled.	appear 'cool' and 'big' or			
negative.	 Diversity means all the 	they succumb to peer			
Examples of illegal drug		pressure.			
are cocaine and heroin.	characteristics that make				
Alcoholic drinks can	us all unique.				
make you drunk,	• It is important to				
affecting your behaviou					
impairing your	because it stops life from				
judgement and making	being boring and shows				
you unwell; they can als					
be addictive.	cultures.				
Non-alcoholic drinks are					
safe as they do not have					
the same negative					
effects.					
It is illegal for children to					
drink as it may put them					
in an unsafe situation.					

Year Core Areas	Health and Wellbeing Relationships Living in the Wider	Wellbeing Relationships Living in the Wider	Health and Wellbeing Relationships Living in the Wider	Health and Wellbeing Relationships Living in the Wider	Health and Wellbeing Relationships Living in the Wider	Health and Wellbeing Relationships Living in the Wider
We are learning to	World 1. Identified Strengths 1: 'Big Dreams' understand the importance of having aspirations. 2. Identified Strengths 2: 'Big Achievers' reflect on past achievements. recognise achievements of others as being worthwhile and important 3. Setting Goals 1: 'Super Futures' understand why having goals is important. 4. Setting Goals 2: 'I Can Do That!' recognise that our behaviour may influence people both positively and negatively. 5. Internet Safety: 'Fake News' know how to be a discerning consumer of information online including understanding that information, including that from search engines, is ranked, selected and targeted news.	 World Race and Ethnicity 'United States' know the importance of self-respect and how this links to our own happiness. understand racial discrimination and its impact on societies, past and present. Gender Stereotypes: 'Jobs 4 All' know what a stereotype is, and how stereotypes can be unfair, negative or destructive. understand gender discrimination and its impact. Culture: 'Cultural Feast' know the characteristics of healthy family life, commitment to each other, including in times of difficulty, protection and care for children and other family members, the importance of spending time together and sharing each other's lives. understand the importance of family within different cultures. 	illness, such as weight loss, or unexplained changes to the body. 2. Immunisation: 'One Sharp Scratch' know the facts and science relating to allergies, immunisation and vaccination. 3. Managing Conflict: 'Families at War' know how to recognise if family relationships are making us feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice from others if needed.	 2. Mental Wellbeing: 'Mind Business' know that mental wellbeing is a normal part of daily life, in the same way as physical 	planning is important from a young age. 2. Consumer Sense 1 'Payment Terms' • know and understand financial terms such as loan, interest, tax and discount. • understand why	

Skills	Pupils should be taught to					Pupils should be taught to
	 recognise their strengths 	• identify different forms of	 self-assess, understanding 	 take responsibility for 	 recognise that people's 	 work collaboratively
	and how they can	discrimination against	how this will help their	their own safety and the	basic needs are the same	towards common goals.
	contribute to different	people in societies.	future actions.	safety of others and be	around the world,	• reach agreements, make
	groups.	 recognise and respect 	 take responsibility for 	able to seek help in an	discussing why some	decisions and manage
	 identify and talk about 	similarities and	their own safety and the	emergency.	societies are more able to	discussions to achieve
	their own and others'	differences between	safety of others and be	 develop strategies for 	meet these needs than	positive results.
	strengths and	people.	able to seek help in an	understanding, managing	others.	• recognise their strengths
	weaknesses and how to	 recognise stereotyping 	emergency.	and controlling strong	work collaboratively	and how they can
	improve.	and discrimination.	• talk with a wide range of	feelings and emotions and	towards common goals.	contribute to different
	• self-assess,	 recognise the factors 	adults.	dealing with negative	• reach agreements, make	groups.
	understanding how this	influencing opinion and	 listen to and show 	pressures.	decisions and manage	• take the lead, prioritise
	will help their future	choice, including the	consideration for other	• identify how to find	discussions to achieve	actions and work
	actions.	media.	people's views.	information and advice	positive results.	independently and
	• identify the skills they	 challenge stereotyping 	 make responsible, 	through help lines.	recognise how people	collaboratively towards
	need to develop to make	and discrimination.	informed decisions.	• recognise how attitude,	manage money and learn	goals.
	their own contribution in		• reflect on how to deal	behaviour and peer	about basic financial	• respond to challenges,
	the working world in the		with feelings about	pressure can influence	capability.	including recognising,
	future.		themselves, their family	choice and behaviour,	make connections	taking and managing risk.
	work collaboratively		and others in a positive	including dealing with	between learning, the	• identify the skills they
	towards common goals.		way.	bullying.	world of work and their	need to develop to make
	make connections		• recognise that positive	 recognise that positive friendships and 	future economic wellbeing.	their own contribution in
	between their learning, the world of work and		friendships and	'		the working world in the future.
	their future economic		relationships can promote health and wellbeing.	health and wellbeing.	and realise that future	• show initiative and take
	wellbeing.		identify how to find	• recognise how their	wants and needs may be	responsibility for activities
	begin to set personal		information and advice	behaviour and that of	met through saving.	that develop enterprise
	,		through help lines.	others may influence	• identify the difference	capability.
	goals.			people both positively	between needs and	capability.
	recognise how their		 manage changing emotions and recognise 	and negatively.	wants.	
	behaviour and that of		how they can impact on	• reflect on how to deal	• set goals, prioritise and	
	others may influence		relationships.	with feelings about	manage time and	
	people both positively		relationships.	themselves, their family	resources, understanding	
	and negatively.			and others in a positive	how this will help their	
				way.	future actions.	
				• recognise that when the	• identify the skills needed	
				body changes during	to develop to make their	
				puberty it can affect	own contribution in the	
				feelings and behaviour.	working world in the	
				manage changing	future.	
				emotions and recognise	 show initiative and take 	
				how they can impact on	responsibility for activities	

				relationships.	that develop enterprise capability. • begin to set personal goals.	
Key Vocab	• identify	• identify	• self-assess	• strategies	• basic needs	• agreements
	• strengths	 discrimination 	• future actions	• negative pressures	• societies	 positive results
	• weaknesses	• recognise	• responsible	• managing	• financial capability	• strengths
	• contribution	stereotyping	• informed decisions	• controlling	• contribution	contribute
	• working world	• recognise	• health	strong feelings	• working world	• take the lead
	• self-assess	•factors	wellbeing	• peer pressure	time and resources	prioritise actions
	• connections	influencing	• help lines	puberty	• prioritise	 respond to challenges
	• set personal goals	opinion	 manage 	 body changes 	• initiative	enterprise capability
		• choice	changing emotions	• feelings	responsibility	
		challenge	relationships	 behaviour 	• future actions	
Sticky Knowledge	 Aspirations provide long term goals and something to look forward to in the future. A sense of achievement gives someone purpose. We can help others to achieve their potential by identifying their strengths and setting goals. Fake news can be spotted by looking for errors such as incorrect spellings/facts, humour and also the fact that it was written by only one source. Be aware of fake news, propaganda and deliberate lies when searching the internet. 	 Discrimination means treating someone differently for no good reason e.g. due to race, skin colour religion. Discrimination affects people's self-esteem, identity and their place in society. A stereotype is a preconceived idea about someone. A group of people with commonalities such as cultural identity and family life have something that links them together; this makes them feel like they belong to each other. 	 Physical illness such as tiredness, headache and weight loss indicate that someone may be unwell. A vaccination is an injection that is put into the body so that it can learn to fight an infection. Marriage is a commitment where important promises are made and should not be broken. 		 Without a budget, you could over-spend. 'Buy now, pay later' deals encourage you to spend more than you can afford and you do not know what is going to happen between now and later. You should save money for the future because it is uncertain and you do not know what you will need. Find the best deal on an item by searching the internet, shopping around and also by using price comparison sites. 	undertaking that is ofte business-related and ca be bold or daring. • 'Profit' means earning more than you spend. • 'Loss' means spending more than you earn. • We should donate to charities because they rely on donations and they carry out a lot of good work for those in need. • We can help charities even if we don't have money of our own to give by volunteering and/or taking part in sponsored events.