| Helping Your Child with Mathematics <br> A Booklet for Parents <br> Year 6 | In Year 6 your child will use the following written calculation strategies. <br> Addition <br> Vertical layout being able to contract the working to a compact efficient form: <br> They will then move onto larger numbers and decimals using the same method. <br> Subtraction <br> Vertical layout being able to exchange from the next column. <br> They will then move onto larger numbers and decimals using the same method. |
| :---: | :---: |

Multiplication
Long multiplication

Moving onto a vertical format with compact working

$$
\begin{array}{rr}
56 \\
\times & \\
\hline 392 & (56 \times 7) \\
1120 & (56 \times 20) \\
\hline \frac{1512}{1} &
\end{array}
$$

Division
Formal written method for HTO $\div \mathrm{O}$
$560 \div 4$
140
$4 \longdiv { 5 ^ { 1 } 6 0 }$
Efficiently using multiples of the divisor or 'chunking' HTO $\div$ TO

| $560 \div 24$ |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |
| Approximate answer: | $24)$ | 560 |
| $550 \div 25=22$ | 20 | $\frac{-480}{80}$ |
| Answer 23 r 8 | 3 | -72 |

The following maths facts are important for your child to know. Please help them to learn them.

Doubles and halves of decimals
E.g. double 4.5 half of 9

Addition and subtraction facts for decimal numbers that total 100
E.g. $49.3+50.7=100 \quad 100-50.7=49.3$
$36.22+63.78=100 \quad 100-63.78=36.22$
Pairs of fractions that total 1
E.g. $\frac{3}{8}, \frac{5}{8}$
$\frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{4}$
All the multiplication tables
$\times 2, \times 3, \times 4, \times 5, \times 6, \times 7, \times 8, \times 9, \times 10, \times 11, \times 12$
Division facts for all the tables
E.g. $40 \div 5=8$

Pairs of factors of 2 digit whole numbers
E.g. 4,3 are factors of 12

Common multiples
E.g. 36 is a multiple of 6 and a multiple of 9

## Square numbers

E.g. $2^{2}=4(2 \times 2), 6^{2}=36(6 \times 6), 10^{2}=1000(10 \times 10)$

## Cube numbers

E.g. $2^{3}=8(2 \times 2 \times 2), 5^{3}=125(5 \times 5 \times 5)$

Prime numbers less than 100
E.g. 2, 3, 5, 7.......17, 23 ...

Multiplying and dividing by 10,100
When you multiply by 10 the digits move one place to the left.
When you multiply by 100 the digits move two places to the left.
When you divide by 10 the digits move one place to the right.
When you divide by 100 the digits move two places to the right

## Equivalent fractions

E.g. $1 / 2=2 / 4$

Add fractions with the same denominator and denominators that are multiples of the same number
E.g. $4 / 8+3 / 8=7 / 8 \quad 1 / 5+3 / 10=5 / 10=\frac{1}{2}$

Multiply simple pairs of proper fractions E.g. $\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{2}=1 / 8$

Fraction, decimal, percentage equivalence E.g. $1 / 2=0.5=50 \%$

## Shape

Angles on a straight line $=180^{\circ}$
Angles around a point $=360^{\circ}$
A right angle $=90^{\circ}$
An acute angle is less than $90^{\circ}$
An obtuse angle is more than $90^{\circ}$ and less than $180^{\circ}$
Angles of a triangle $=180^{\circ}$
Parallel lines never meet
A perpendicular line is at right angles to another line

## Measures

$1000 \mathrm{~m}=1 \mathrm{~km} \quad 100 \mathrm{~cm}=1 \mathrm{~m} \quad 10 \mathrm{~mm}=1 \mathrm{~cm}$ $1000 \mathrm{~g}=1 \mathrm{~kg}$ (kilogram) 1000kg=1 tonne
$1000 \mathrm{ml}=1$ ( litre) $100 \mathrm{cl}=1$ litre $10 \mathrm{ml}=1 \mathrm{cl}$
Time
60seconds $=1$ minute 60 minutes $=1$ hour
24 hours $=1$ day 7 days $=1$ week
52 weeks $=1$ year 12 months $=1$ year
365 days $=1$ year 366 days $=1$ leap year
10 years $=1$ decade 100 years $=1$ century 1000 years $=1$ millenium

## Fun Activities to Do At Home

## Card game

Use a pack of playing cards.
Take out the jacks, queens and kings.


- Take turns.
- Take a card and roll a dice.
- Multiply the two numbers.
- Write down the answer. Keep a running total.
- The first to go over 301 wins!


## Doubles and trebles

- Roll two dice.

- Multiply the two numbers to get your score.
- Roll one of the dice again. If it is an even number, double your score. If it is an odd number, treble your score.
- Keep a running total of your score.
- The first to get over 301 wins.


## Rhymes

Make up rhymes together to help your child to remember the
harder times-tables facts, e.g.
$6 \times 7=42$ phew! $7 \times 7=49$ fine! $6 \times 8=48$ great !

## Journeys



Use the chart in the front of a road atlas that tells you the distance between places.

- Find the nearest place to you.
- Ask your child to work out how long it would take to travel to some places in England if you travelled at an average of 60 miles per hour, i.e. 1 mile per minute, e.g.
York to Preston: 90 miles 1 hour 30 minutes York to Dover: 280 miles 4 hours 40 minutes Encourage your child to count in 60 s to work out the answers mentally.


## Recipes

Find a recipe for 4 people and rewrite it for 8 people, e.g.
4 people 8 people
125 g flour $\quad 250 \mathrm{~g}$ flour
50 g butter $\quad 100 \mathrm{~g}$ butter
75 g sugar $\quad 150 \mathrm{~g}$ sugar
30 ml treacle $\quad 60 \mathrm{ml}$ treacle
1 teaspoon ginger 2 teaspoons ginger Can you rewrite it for 3 people? Or 5 people?

